

1.0 Geg: $t_1 = 3,50 \text{ s}$; $h_1 = 3,50 \text{ m}$; $m = 55,0 \text{ kg}$ $\uparrow h$

1.1. Ges: a ; v_1

$$\bullet h_1 = \frac{1}{2} a t_1^2 \Leftrightarrow a = \frac{2h_1}{t_1^2} = \frac{2 \cdot 3,50 \text{ m}}{(3,50 \text{ s})^2} = \underline{0,571 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}$$

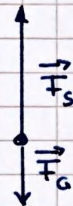
$$\bullet v_1 = a t_1 = 0,571 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot 3,50 \text{ s} = \underline{2,00 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}}$$

1.2 Ges: Seilkraft F_S

$$F_a = F_{\text{res}} = F_S - F_G \Leftrightarrow F_S = F_a + F_G$$

$$F_S = m \cdot a + m g = m (a + g)$$

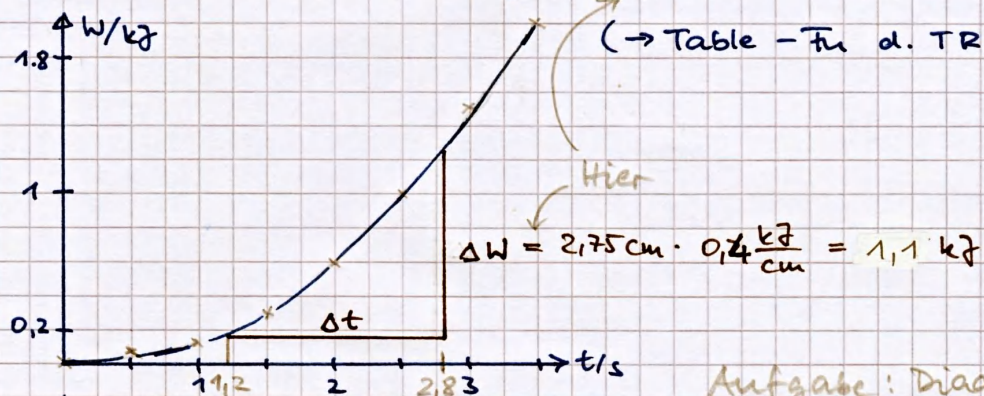
$$F_S = 55,0 \text{ kg} (0,571 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} + 9,81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}) = \underline{571 \text{ N}}$$



1.3.1 $W(t) = F_S \cdot h(t)$; $h(t) = \frac{1}{2} a t^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0,571 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot t^2$
 $= 571 \text{ N} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0,571 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot t^2$

$$W(t) = 163 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot t^2 \quad (\text{6 BE ???})$$

1.3.2 $W(3,50 \text{ s}) = 2,00 \cdot 10^3 \text{ J}$ (\rightarrow Höhe d. Diag. wäre 10 cm)



Aufgabe: Diagramm

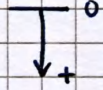
1.3.3 $P = \frac{\Delta W}{\Delta t} = \frac{1,1 \text{ kJ}}{1,6 \text{ s}} = \underline{0,69 \text{ kW}}$ (Rechnung nicht! akzeptabel!)

1.3.4 $P(t) = \dot{W}(t) = 2 \cdot 163 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot t$

$$P(2,5 \text{ s}) = 2 \cdot 163 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot 2,5 \text{ s} = 815 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{s}} = \underline{0,82 \text{ kW}}$$

1.4.1 Geg: $t_1 = 0,40\text{s}$; $F_{N1} = F_{N2} = 2,0\text{kN}$; $\mu = 0,30$

Ges: $S_{\text{ges}} = S_{\text{Fah}} + S_{\text{Brems}} = S_F + S_B$



Die Bewegung setzt sich zusammen aus:

- Freier Fall für $0,40\text{s} \rightarrow S_F$
- Bremsung bis zum Stillstand ($v=0$) $\rightarrow S_B$

- Freier Fall: ($v_0=0$)

$$S_F = \frac{1}{2} g t^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 9,81 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot (0,40\text{s})^2 = \underline{0,78\text{m}}$$

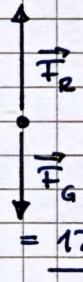
$$v_F = g t = 9,81 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 0,40\text{s} = 3,9 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

- Verzögerung: ($v_0 = v_F$)

$$-F_{\text{RES}} = F_a = F_G - F_R = F_G - 2 \cdot \mu \cdot F_N$$

$$\Rightarrow -m \cdot a = m g - 2 \mu F_N$$

$$a = -g + \frac{2 \mu F_N}{m} = -9,81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} + \frac{2 \cdot 0,30 \cdot 2,0 \text{ kN}}{55,0 \text{ kg}} = \underline{12 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}$$



Verz.

$$v^2 - v_0^2 = -2 a s_B \quad ; \quad v = 0 \quad (\text{Stillstand})$$

$$s_B = \frac{v_0^2}{2a} = \frac{v_F^2}{2a}$$

$$s_B = \frac{(3,9 \text{ m/s})^2}{2 \cdot 12 \text{ m/s}^2} = \underline{0,63 \text{ m}}$$

$$S_{\text{ges}} = S_F + S_B = 0,78 \text{ m} + 0,63 \text{ m} = \underline{1,4 \text{ m}}$$